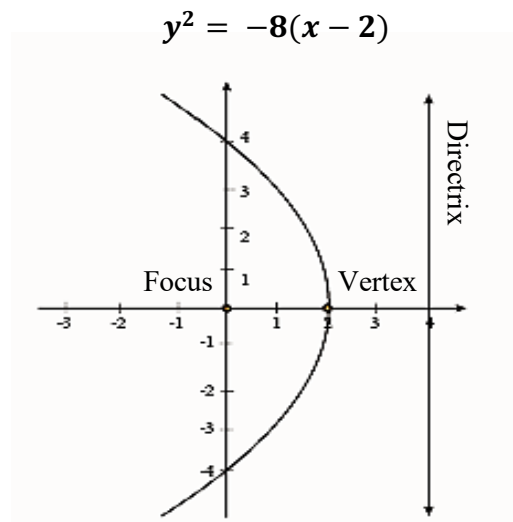
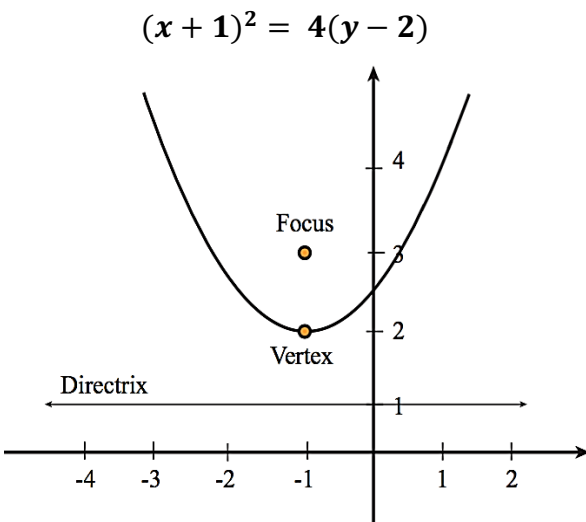


## Conic Sections

### PARABOLAS

Equation	$(x - h)^2 = 4p(y - k)$	$(y - k)^2 = 4p(x - h)$
Vertex	$(h, k)$	$(h, k)$
Focus	$(h, p + k)$	$(p + h, k)$
Directrix	$y = -p + k$	$x = -p + h$
Focal Diameter	$ 4p $	$ 4p $
If $p > 0$	opens UP	opens RIGHT
If $p < 0$	opens DOWN	opens LEFT

Examples:



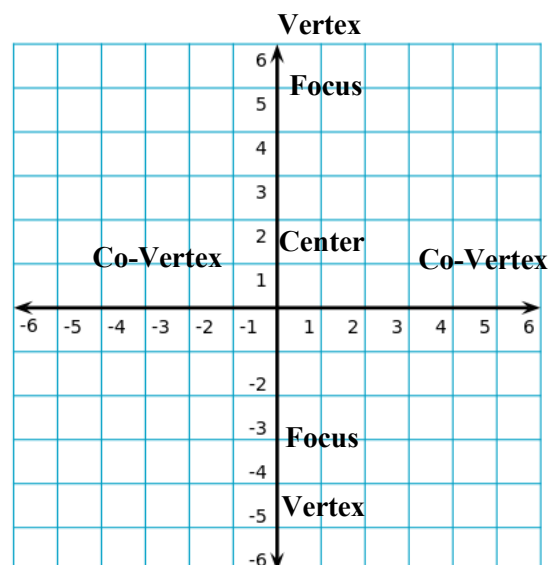
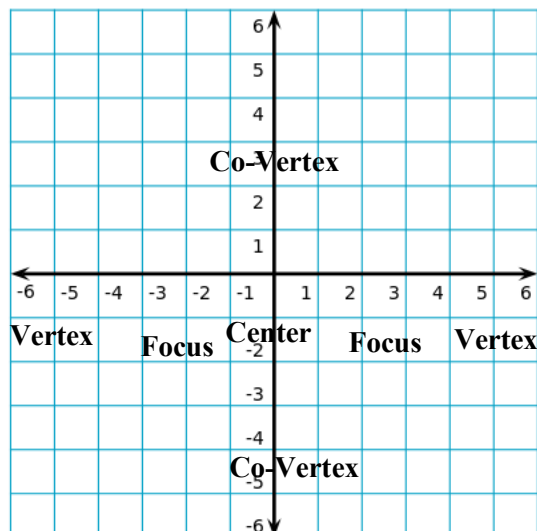
## ELLIPSES

Equation	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$ where $a > b > 0$	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} = 1$ where $a > b > 0$
Center	$(h, k)$	$(h, k)$
Vertices	$(h \pm a, k)$	$(h, k \pm a)$
Co-Vertices	$(h, k \pm a)$	$(h \pm a, k)$
Foci	$(h \pm c, k)$ where $c^2 = a^2 - b^2$	$(h, k \pm c)$ where $c^2 = a^2 - b^2$
Major Axis	Horizontal with length $2a$	Vertical with length $2a$
Minor Axis	Vertical with length $2b$	Horizontal with length $2b$
Eccentricity	$e = \frac{c}{a}$	$e = \frac{c}{a}$

Examples:

$$x^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 1$$

$$(x - 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 1$$

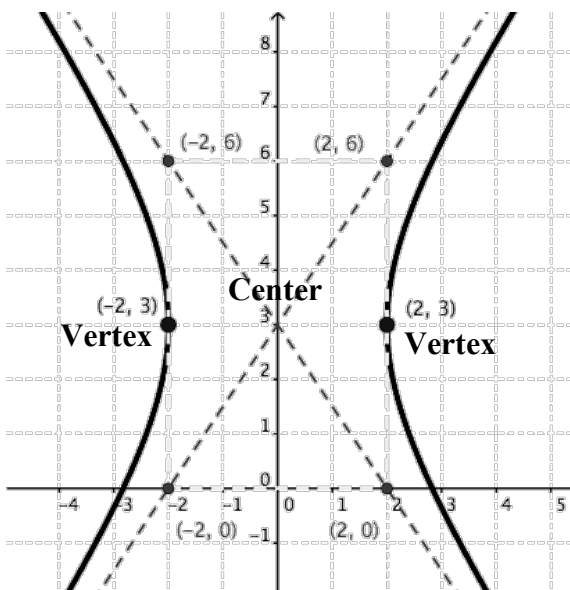


## HYPERBOLAS

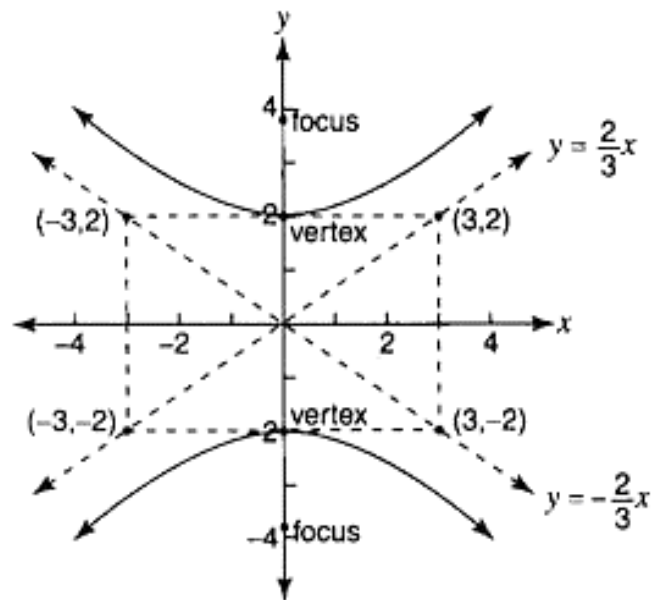
Equation	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$ where $a > 0, b > 0$	$\frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} = 1$ where $a > 0, b > 0$
Center	$(h, k)$	$(h, k)$
Vertices	$(h \pm a, k)$	$(h, k \pm a)$
Foci	$(h \pm c, k)$ where $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$	$(h, k \pm c)$ where $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$
Transverse Axis	Horizontal with length $2a$	Vertical with length $2a$
Minor Axis	Vertical with length $2b$	Horizontal with length $2b$
Asymptotes	$y - k = \pm \frac{b}{a}(x - h)$	$y - k = \pm \frac{a}{b}(x - h)$

Examples:

$$x^2 - (y - 3)^2 = 1$$



$$y^2 - x^2 = 1$$

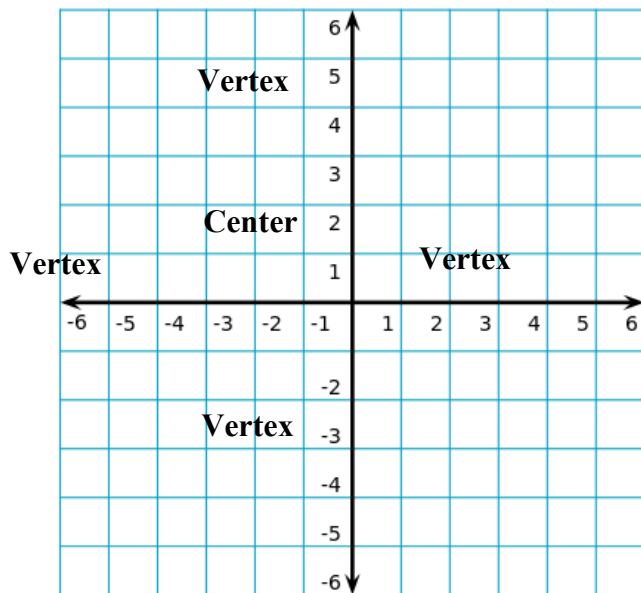


## CIRCLES

Equation	$(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$
Center	$(h, k)$
Vertices	$(h \pm r, k), (h, k \pm r)$

Examples:

$$(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 9$$



$$(x - 2)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 4$$

